

# AISI 01 DATA SHEET

AISI 01 general purpose oil-hardening tool steel is a versatile manganese-chromium-tungsten steel suitable for a wide variety of cold-work applications.

Typical analysis %	C	Mn	Cr	W
	0.95	1.1	0.6	0.6
Delivery condition	Soft annealed approx. 190 HB			
Color code	Yellow			

## APPLICATIONS

Good machinability, good dimensional stability plus a combination of high surface hardness and moderate toughness after hardening and tempering combine to give a steel suitable for the manufacture of tooling with good tool-life and production economy. AISI 01 can be supplied in various finishes including hot-rolled, pre-machined, fine-machined and precision ground. It is also available in the form of hollow bar.

## HEAT TREATMENT

### SOFT ANNEALING-

Protect the steel and heat through to 1435°F (780°C). Then cool in the furnace at 27°F (15°C) per hour to 1200°F (650°C), then freely in air.

### STRESS RELIEVING-

After rough machining, the tool should be heated through to 1200°F (650°C), holding time of 2 hours. Cool slowly to 930°F (500°C) then freely in air.

### HARDENING-

Preheating temperature: 1110-1290°F (600-700°C)  
Austenitizing temperature: 1450-1560°F (790-850°C)  
Protect the part against decarburization and oxidation during hardening.

## QUENCHING MEDIA-

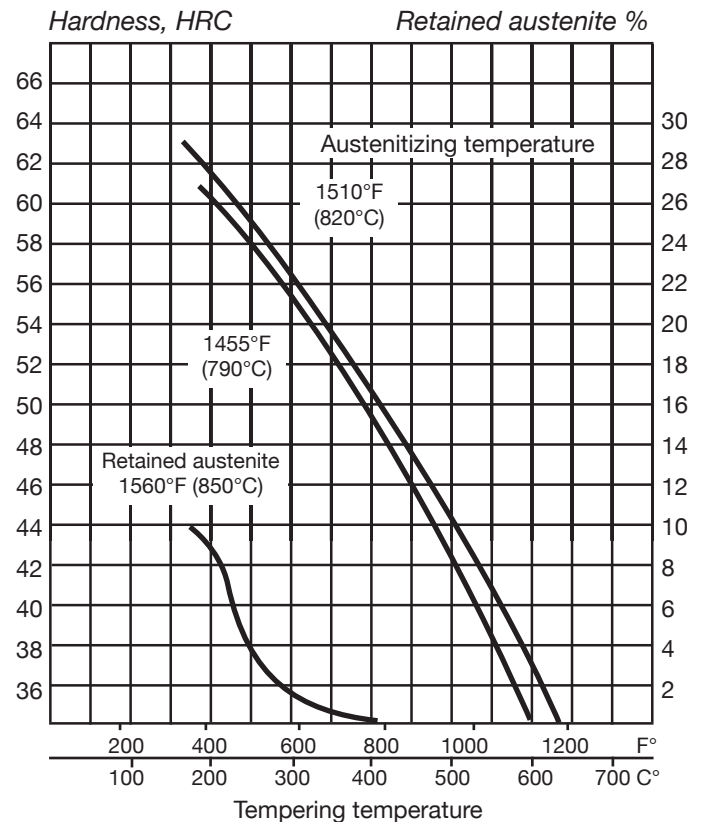
Quench as quickly as possible. Cooling must be uniform and rate must be adequate to avoid transformation products, however, risk of excessive distortion and/or quench cracking must be considered.

- Oil
- Martempering bath at 360-435°F (180-225°C)

## TEMPERING-

Choose the tempering temperature according to the hardness required by referencing the tempering graph. Temper twice with intermediate cooling to room temperature. Lowest tempering temperature at 360°F (180°C). Holding time at temperature for minimum 2 hours.

TEMPERING GRAPH



## DIMENSIONAL CHANGES-

Dimensional change during hardening and tempering should not exceed 0.25% of the largest tool dimension per side, as long as the prescribed stress relief is performed.

# MACHINING

## MILLING-

### • Face and Square Shoulder Milling

Cutting data parameters	Milling with carbide		Milling with HSS
	Rough milling	Fine milling	Fine milling
Cutting speed ( $V_c$ ) f.p.m. m/min	530-660 160-200	660-790 200-240	80 25
Feed ( $f_z$ ) inch/tooth mm/tooth	0.008-0.016 0.2-0.4	0.004-0.008 0.1-0.2	0.004 0.1
Depth of cut ( $a_p$ ) inch mm	0.08-0.2 2-5	-0.08 -2	-0.08 -2
Carbide designation US ISO	C6-C5 P20-P40 Coated carbide	C7-C6 P10-P20 Coated carbide or cermet	— —

### • End Milling

Cutting data parameters	Type of milling		
	Solid carbide	Carbide indexable insert	High speed steel
Cutting speed ( $V_c$ ) f.p.m. m/min	165 50	400-560 120-170	80 <sup>1)</sup> 25 <sup>1)</sup>
Feed ( $f_z$ ) inch/tooth mm/tooth	0.001- 0.008 <sup>2)</sup> 0.03-0.20 <sup>2)</sup>	0.003-0.008 <sup>2)</sup> 0.08-0.20 <sup>2)</sup>	0.002-0.014 <sup>2)</sup> 0.05-0.35 <sup>2)</sup>
Carbide designation US ISO	C2 K20,P40	C6-C5 P20-P30	— —

1) For coated end mill  $v_c \sim 115$  f.p.m./min. (35 m/min.)

2) Depending on radial depth of cut and cutter diameter.

## DRILLING-

### • High Speed Steel Twist Drill

Drill diameter		Cutting speed ( $V_c$ )		Feed ( $f$ )	
inch	mm	f.p.m.	m/min	i.p.r	mm/r
-3/16	-5	50*	16*	0.003-0.008	0.08-0.20
3/16-3/8	5-10	50*	16*	0.008-0.012	0.20-0.30
3/8-5/8	10-15	50*	16*	0.012-0.014	0.30-0.35
5/8-3/4	15-20	50*	16*	0.014-0.016	0.35-0.40

1) For coated HSS drill  $v_c \sim 70$  f.p.m./min. (22 m/min.)

### • Carbide Drill

Cutting data parameters	Type of drill		
	Indexable insert	Solid carbide	Brazed carbide <sup>1)</sup>
Cutting speed ( $V_c$ ) f.p.m. m/min	400-530 120-160	200 60	180 55
Feed ( $f$ ) i.p.r. mm/r	0.002-0.01 <sup>2)</sup> 0.05-0.25 <sup>2)</sup>	0.004-0.01 <sup>2)</sup> 0.10-0.25 <sup>2)</sup>	0.006-0.01 <sup>2)</sup> 0.15-0.25 <sup>2)</sup>

1) Drills with internal cooling channels and brazed carbide tip.

2) Depending on drill diameter.

## ELECTRICAL DISCHARGE MACHINING EDM-

If EDM is performed in the hardened and tempered condition, the recast layer should be removed via stoning and/or polishing. If this is not possible, or for an additional safety factor, the tool should be given a subsequent stress temper at 50°F (28°C) below the lowest tempering temperature used during the heat treatment process. Equalize the temperature of the tool from surface to core and soak at the appropriate stress tempering temperature for 2 hours.

## GRINDING-

General grinding wheel recommendations for AISI 01 are given below.

### • Wheel Selection

Type of grinding	Wheel recommendation	
	Soft Annealed Cond.	Hardened Cond.
Face grinding: straight wheel segments	A46HV A24GV	A46GV A36GV
Cylindrical grind. Internal grinding Profile grinding	A46LV A46JV A100LV	A60JV A60IV A120JV

## WELDING-

Good results when welding tool steel can be achieved if proper precautions are taken during welding (elevated working temperatures, joint preparation, choice of consumables and welding procedure). If the tool is to be polished or photo-etched, it is necessary to work with an electrode type of matching composition.

## FURTHER INFORMATION

### CANADIAN LOCATIONS-

Kitchener, Ontario +1 (519) 748-5317  
Rexdale, Ontario +1 (905) 799-7474

### U.S. LOCATIONS-

Tuscumbia, Alabama +1 (256) 386-0606  
Auburn, Massachusetts +1 (508) 757-3500  
Blaine, Minnesota +1 (763) 585-9020  
Cleveland, Ohio +1 (216) 362-8440  
Meadville, Pennsylvania +1 (814) 337-6164